

Thermodynamic and Wind Profiling for Fog Prediction

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Microwave profilers operate at these California sites

Forecast Applications

- Wind and Solar Energy
- Utility Electric Load
- Fire Weather
- Destructive Winds
- Weather Modification
- Marine Layer and Fog



- Three microwave profilers in the Tehachapi Wind Resource Area
- Improved short-term wind energy forecast
 - - U.C. Davis
 - - AWS True Power
 - - Sonoma Technology
 - - So. Cal. Edison
 - - Dept. of Energy
- Funded by the California Energy Commission



San Diego Gas & Electric operates two mobile wind and thermodynamic profilers for Santa Ana wind, fire weather, solar and utility load forecasting ([Newscast](#))



San Jose State University operates a mobile thermodynamic and wind profiler for [fire weather research](#)



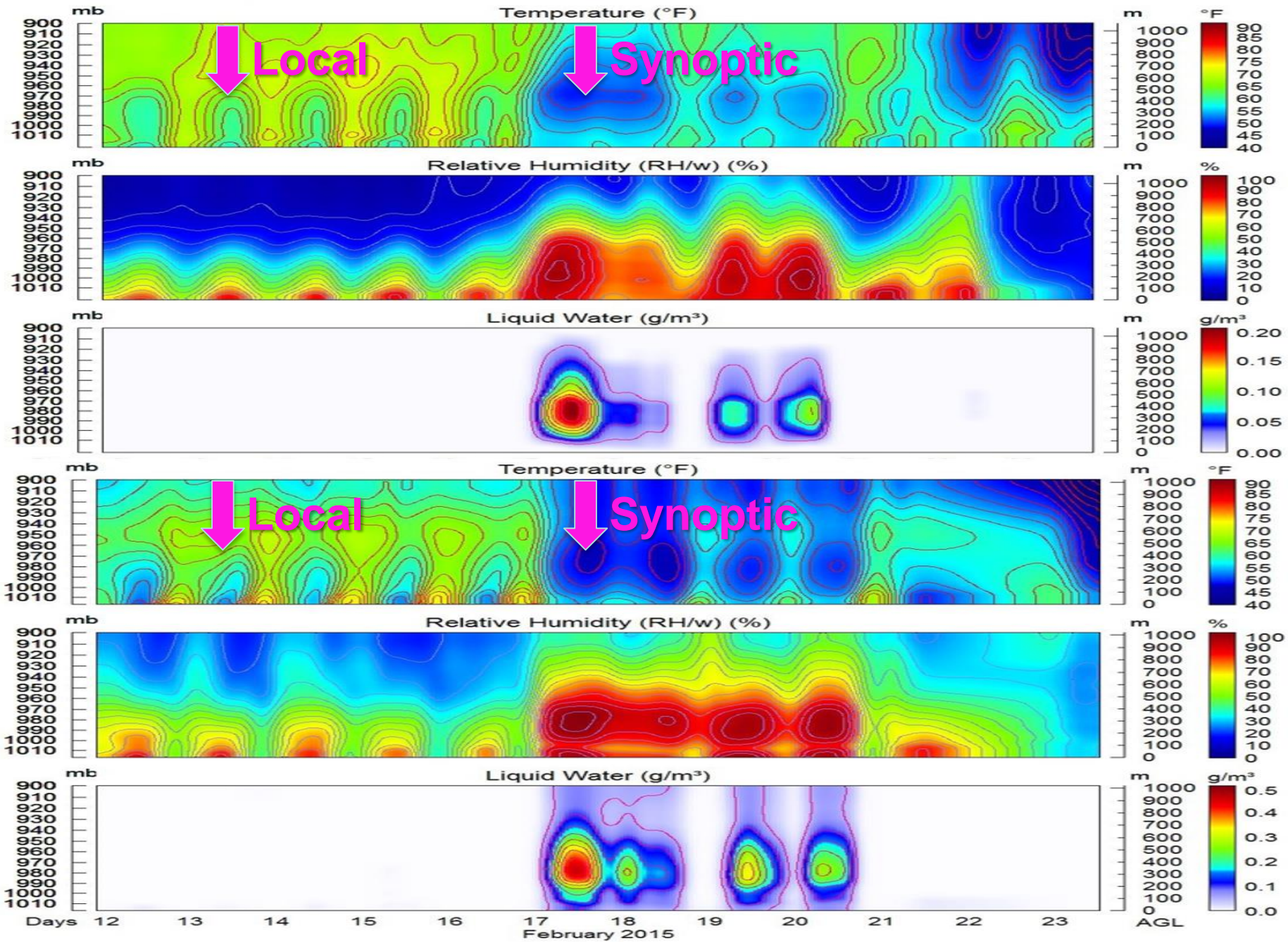
Idaho Power operates four radiometers for [weather modification](#).
[RHS Consulting](#) operates a radiometer to support cloud seeding for three California water districts.

Key Fog Parameters

- Local
 - Humidity, Temperature ← Microwave
 - Liquid Water, Cloud Cover ← Profiler
 - Wind Speed and Direction
- Synoptic (Model Output Statistics)



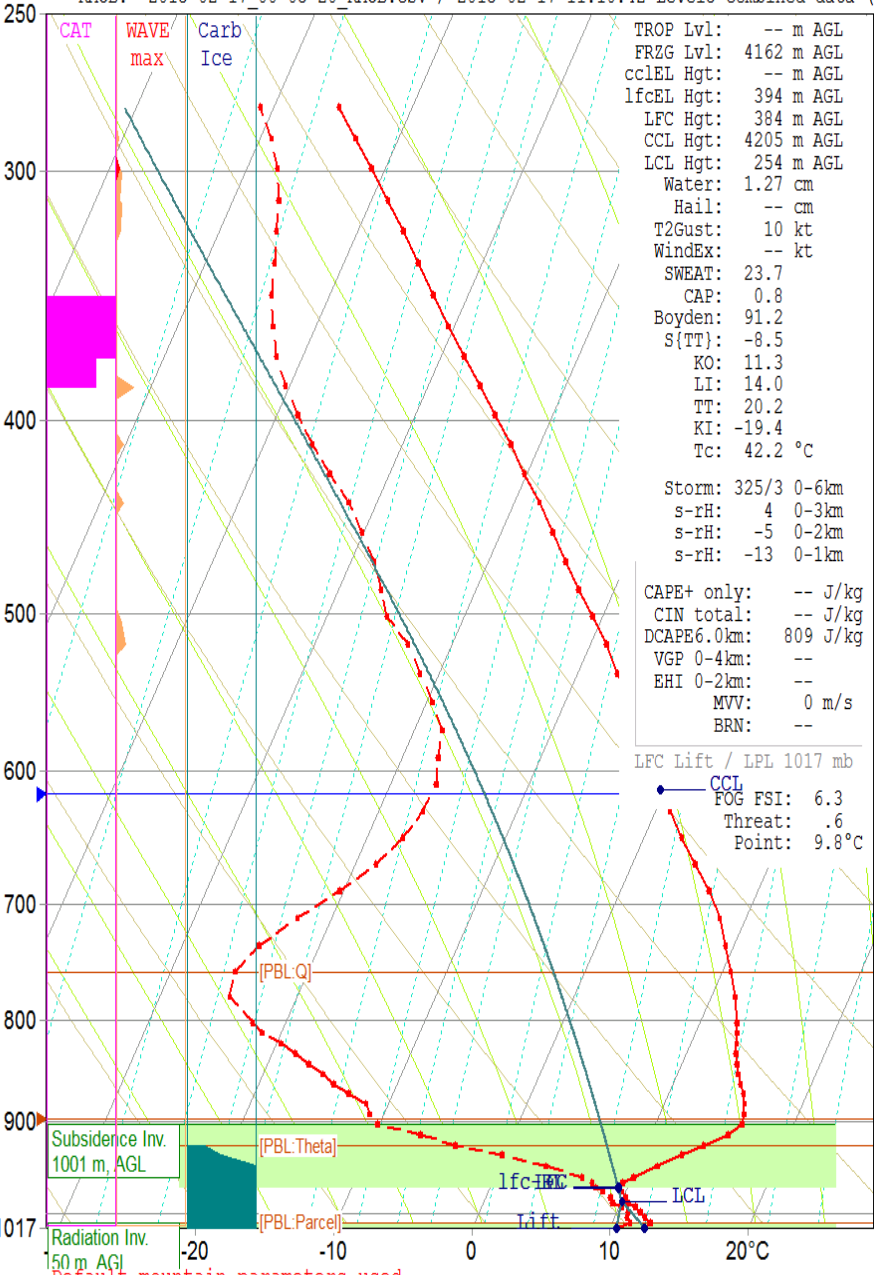
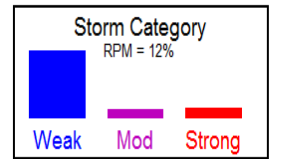
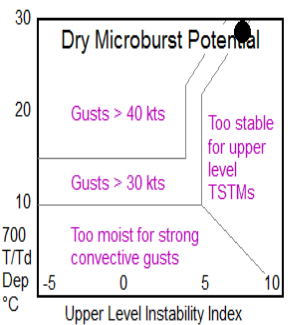
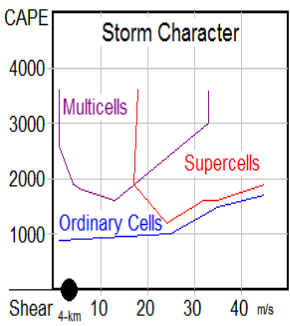
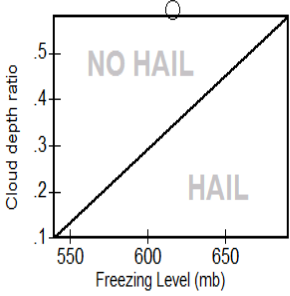
[Boundary Layer Network](#) radiometer at the Exploratorium in San Francisco. Another radiometer is located at San Jose.



Local diurnal and synoptic signatures at San Francisco and San Jose (12-day)

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Navigation icons: < << >> >

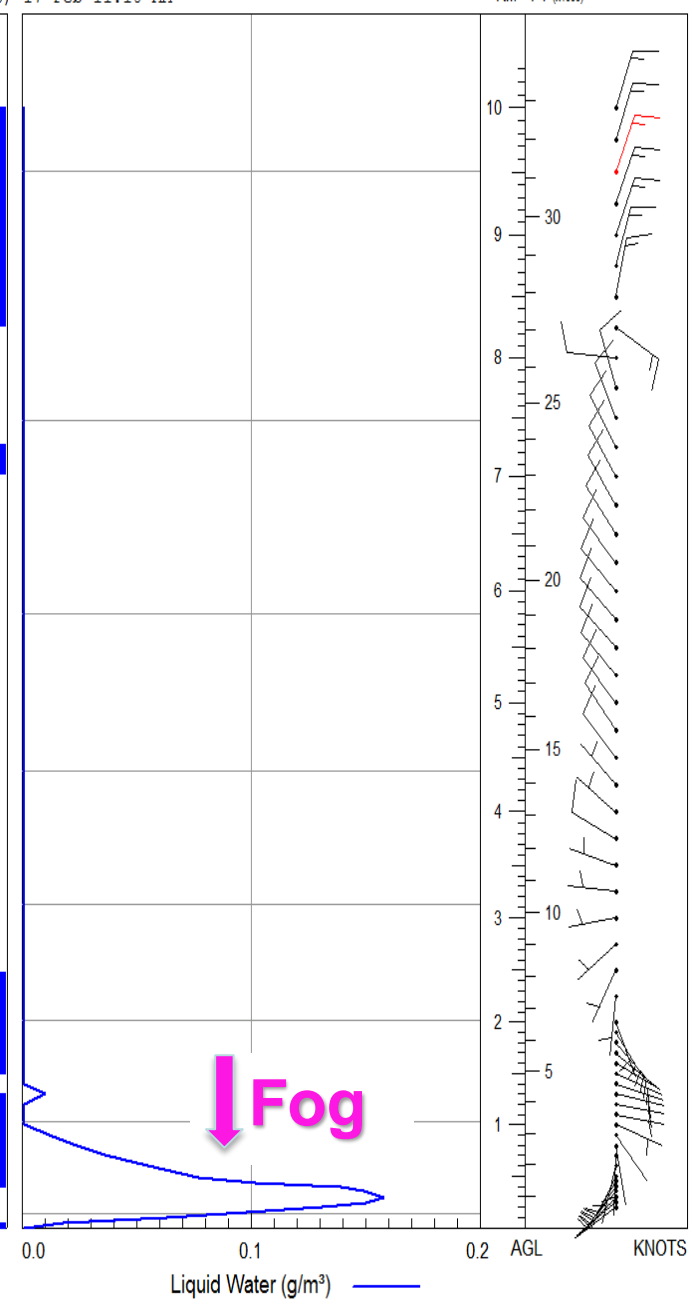


TROP Lvl: -- m AGL
 FRZG Lvl: 4162 m AGL
 cclEL Hgt: -- m AGL
 lfcEL Hgt: 394 m AGL
 LFC Hgt: 384 m AGL
 CCL Hgt: 4205 m AGL
 LCL Hgt: 254 m AGL
 Water: 1.27 cm
 Hail: -- cm
 T2Gust: 10 kt
 WindEx: -- kt
 SWEAT: 23.7
 CAP: 0.8
 Boyden: 91.2
 S(TT): -8.5
 KO: 11.3
 LI: 14.0
 TT: 20.2
 KI: -19.4
 Tc: 42.2 °C

Storm: 325/3 0-6km
 s-rH: 4 0-3km
 s-rH: -5 0-2km
 s-rH: -13 0-1km

CAPE+ only: -- J/kg
 CIN total: -- J/kg
 DCAP6.0km: 809 J/kg
 VGP 0-4km: --
 EHI 0-2km: --
 MVV: 0 m/s
 BRN: --

LFC Lift / LPL 1017 mb
 CCL
 FOG FSI: 6.3
 Threat: .6
 Point: 9.8°C

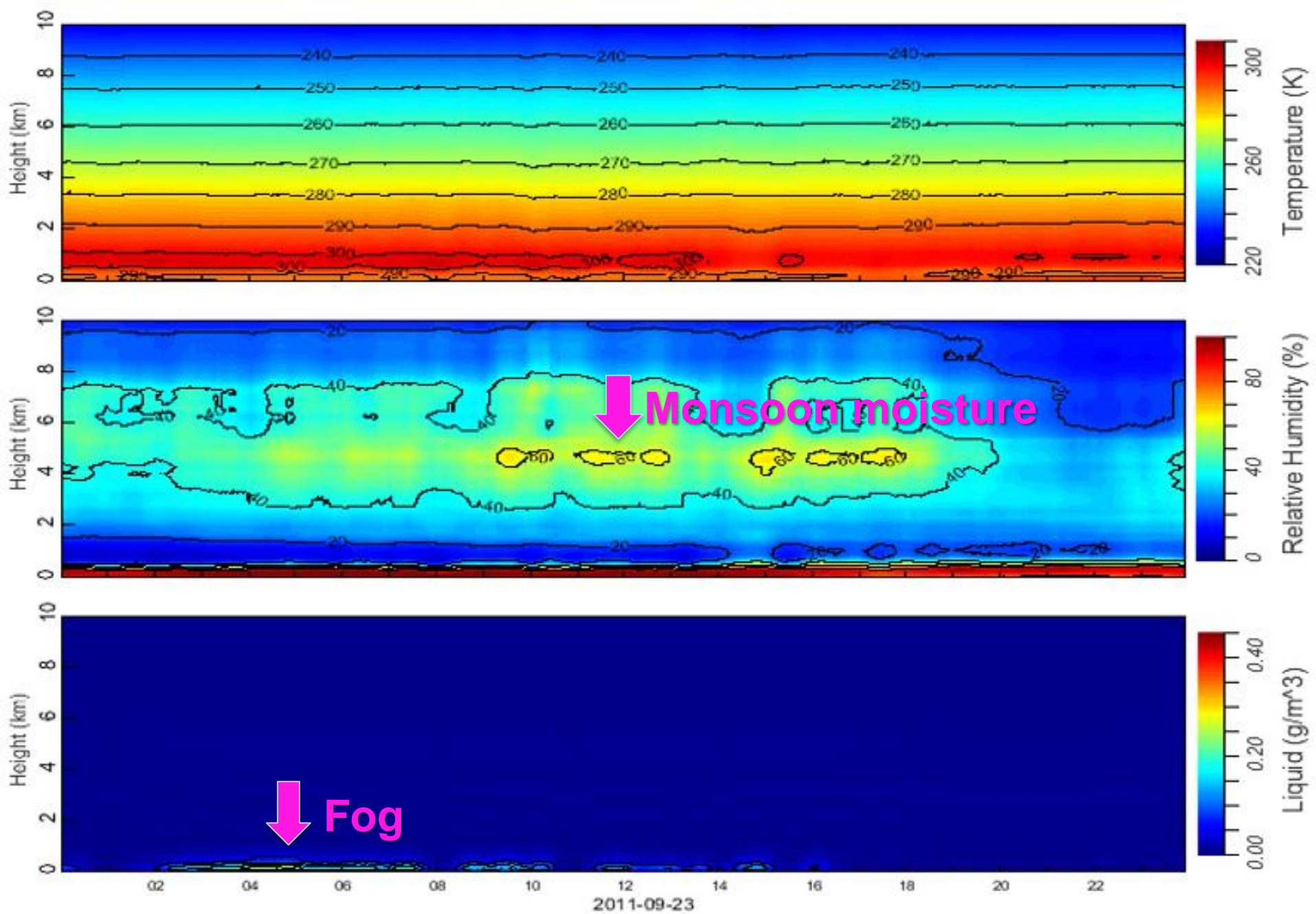


Default mountain parameters used.

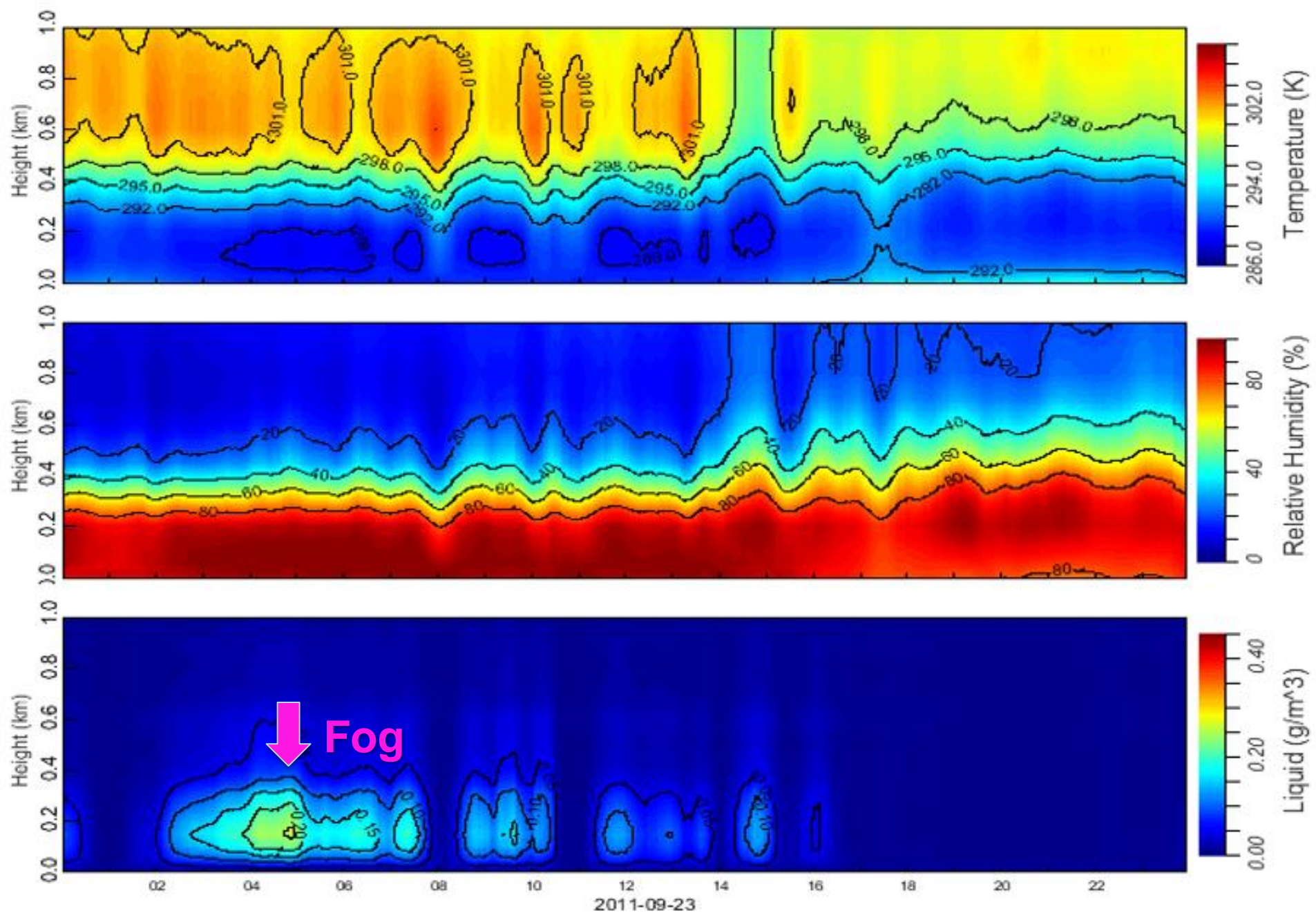
Sigma Sounding (1DVAR -- radiometer + analysis) at San Francisco, 11:10Z 17Feb15



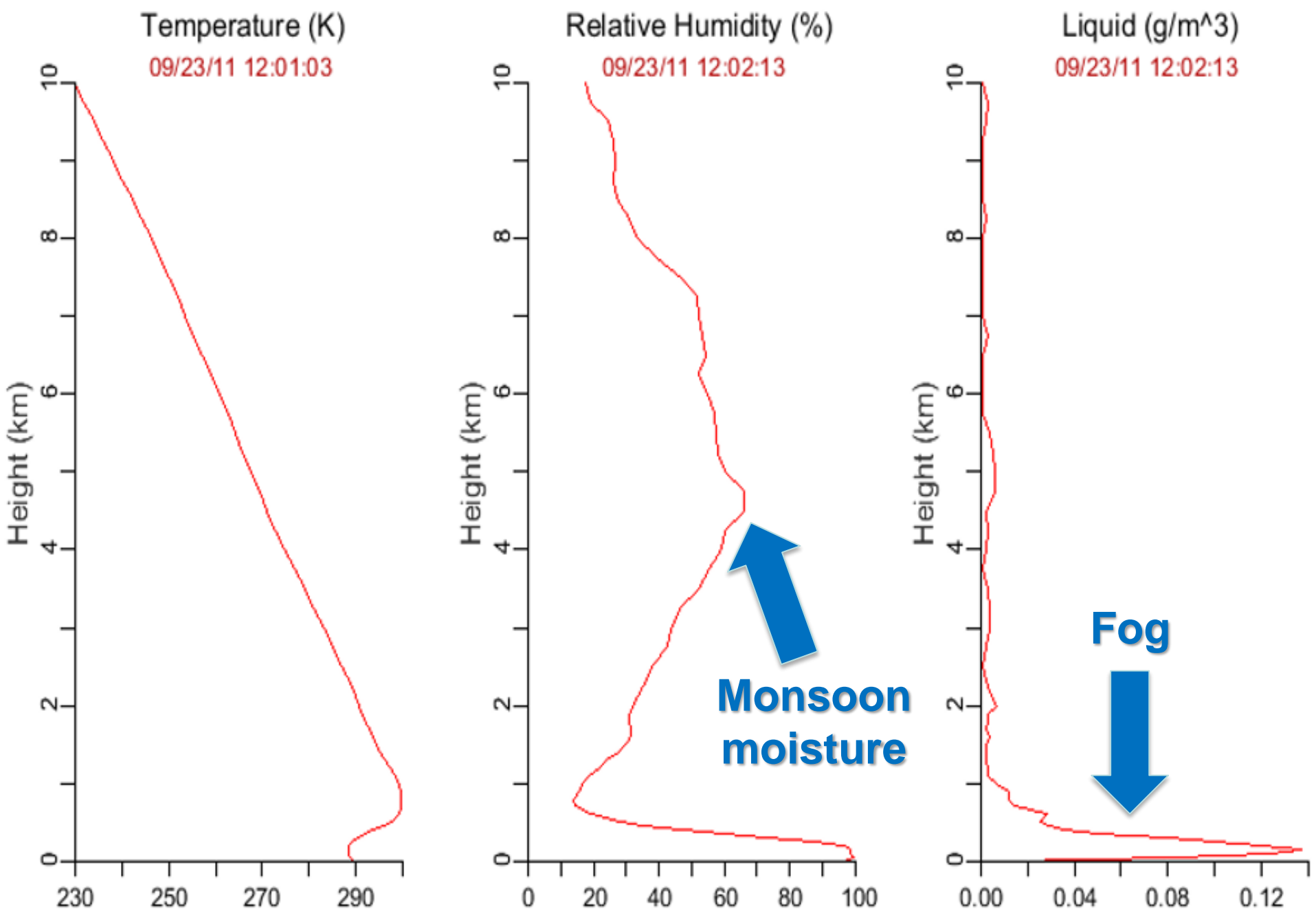
So. Cal. Edison radiometer at Los Angeles and nearest radiosonde launch sites



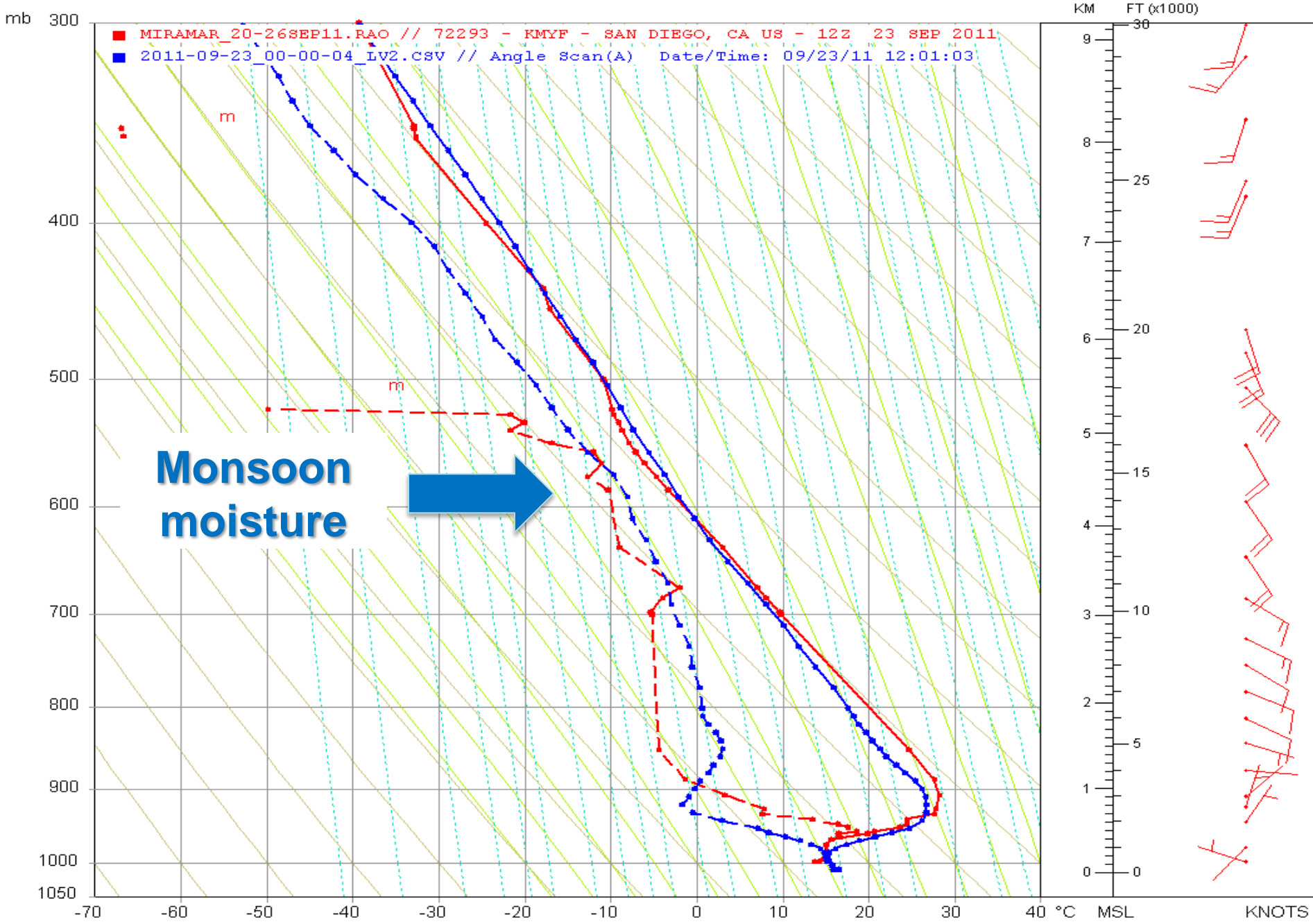
Monsoon moisture and fog in radiometer profiles to 10 km height



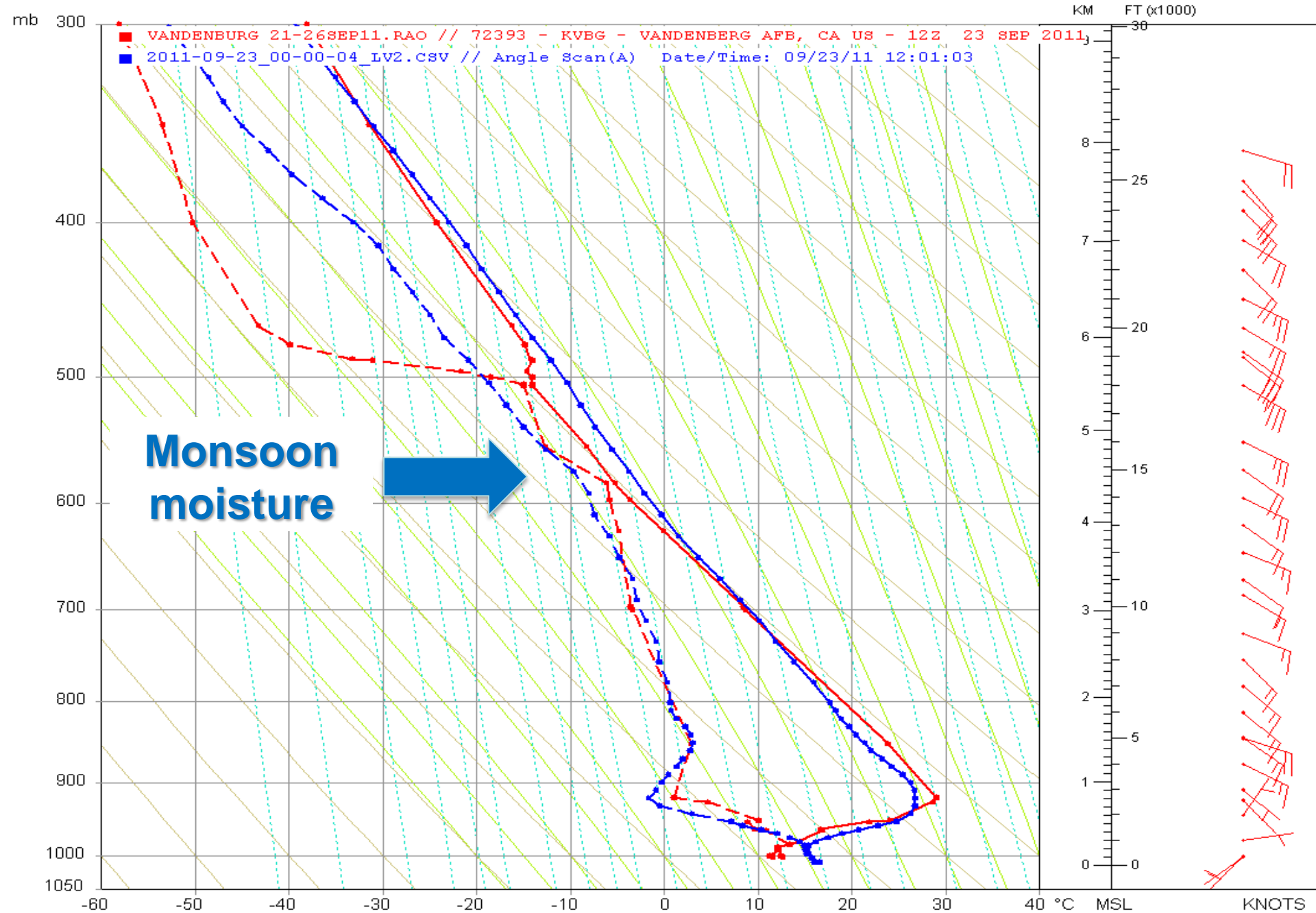
Radiometer profiles to 1 km height



Radiometer profiles at Los Angeles, 12Z 23Sep11



San Diego radiosonde (red) and Los Angeles radiometer (blue), 12Z 23Sep11



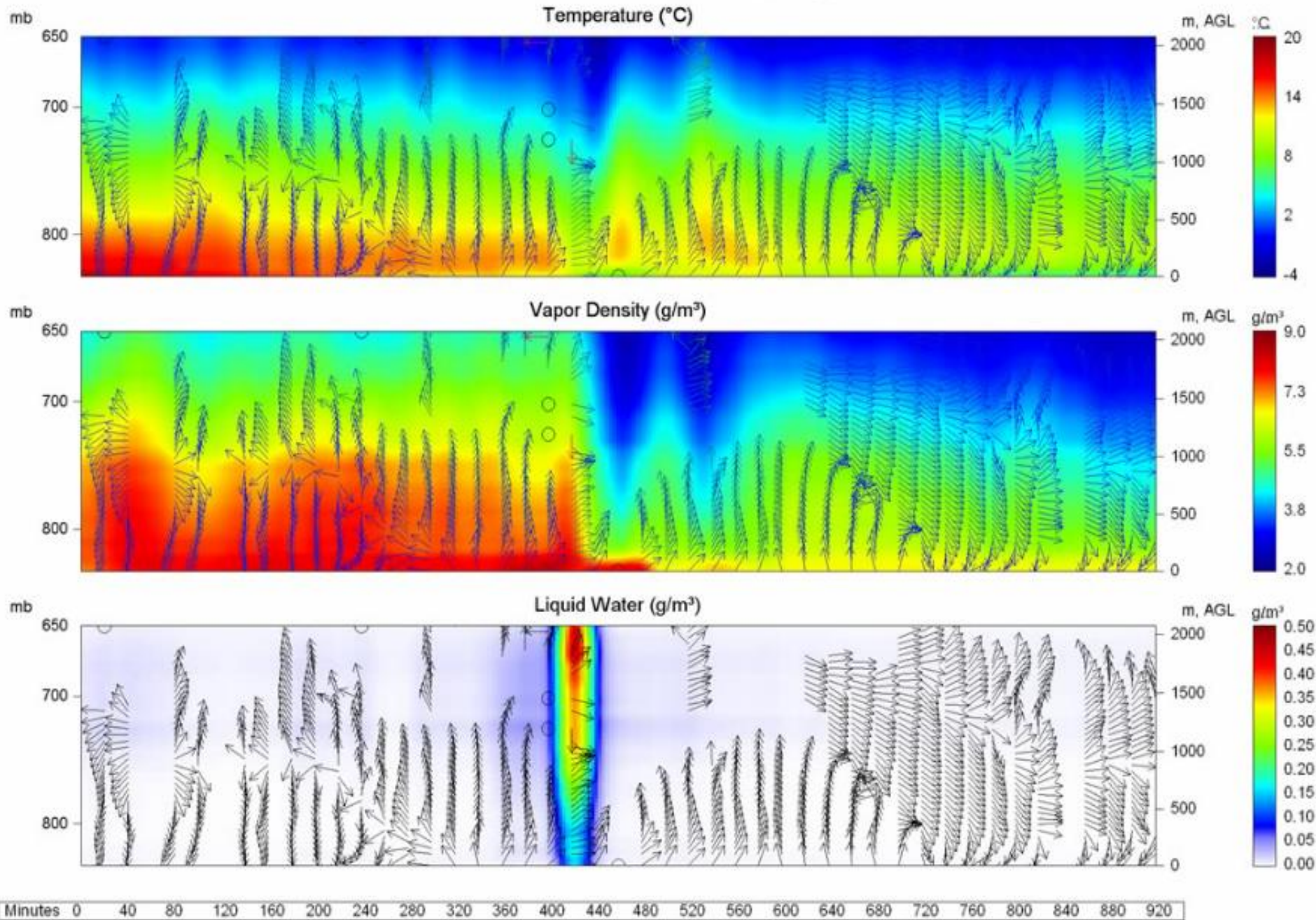
Vandenberg radiosonde (red) and Los Angeles radiometer (blue), 12Z 23 Sep 11

How to Improve Fog Forecast

- Continuous Thermodynamic, Liquid and Wind Profiles (TLWP)
- Model Output Statistics (MOS)
- TLWP + MOS includes local and regional contributions

New York State MesoNet (NYSM)

- 17 microwave radiometer and wind lidar sites -- several near international airports
- These data can be assimilated in high resolution numerical weather models
- Model Output Statistics provide synoptic fog prediction parameters



Thermodynamic and wind ([WindCube](#) lidar) profiles ([Nelson et al, 2013](#))

Opportunity

- Fog is created by local and synoptic scale weather conditions
- Meteorological data on both scales are needed for accurate fog prediction
- NYSM: fog prediction using local (thermodynamics and winds) and synoptic (Model Output Statistics) information